Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application. Please cancel claim 23, amend claims 1 and 19-22, and add new claims 27-32 as follows:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A device for manipulating particles in a sample fluid using dielectrophoresis, the device comprising:

a substrate;

an insulating ridge on the substrate positioned such that the sample fluid may pass over the ridge;

a plurality of electrodes <u>spaced away from the ridge positioned</u> to generate a spatially non-uniform electric field across the insulating ridge.

- 2. (Original) A device according to claim 1, further comprising a plurality of the insulating ridges.
- 3. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises glass.
- 4. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the substrate comprises a polymer.
- 5. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the insulating ridges comprise an insulating material supported by a non-insulating material.
- 6. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, further comprising a voltage source connected to the plurality of electrodes.

- 7. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of ridges on the substrate define a surface of a first fluid channel.
- 8. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 7, further comprising a fluid port connected to the first channel.
- 9. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 7, further comprising a second fluid channel connected to the first fluid channel.
- 10. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of ridges are each at an angle of between 20 and 80 degrees relative to a direction of fluid flow.
- 11. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of ridges are each at an angle of about 45 degrees relative to a direction of fluid flow.
- 12. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of ridges includes a first ridge and a second ridge, said first and second ridges being positioned at different angles relative to a direction of fluid flow.
- 13. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein at least one ridge of the plurality of ridges is curved toward a concentration area.
- 14. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the plurality of ridges are curved toward a concentration area.
- 15. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 10, further comprising:
- a plurality of impedance matching ridges substantially parallel to the direction of fluid flow.

- 16. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 13, further comprising:
- a plurality of impedance matching ridges substantially parallel to a direction of fluid flow.
- 17. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 1, wherein the spatially non-uniform electric field generated across the ridges exerts a dielectrophoretic force on at least one of said particles.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A device according to claim 17, wherein said particles comprise particles selected from the group of particles consisting of bacteria, cells, and viruses.
- 19. (Currently Amended) A method for manipulating particles using dielectrophoresis, the method comprising:

generating a spatially non-uniform electric field across an insulating ridge;

passing a sample fluid containing the particles <u>aerossover</u> the insulating ridge, the spatially non-uniform electric field exerting a dielectrophoretic force on the particles thereby constraining motion of at least one particle; and

exerting a mobilization force on at least the constrained particle; and transporting at least the constrained particle along the ridge utilizing the mobilization force as the sample fluid continues to pass over the insulating ridge.

- 20. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 19, wherein the mobilization force act of transporting the particle comprises electrokinetic transport.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 19, wherein the mobilization force act of transporting the particle comprises advection.

22. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 19, wherein the mobilization force act of transporting the particle comprises transporting particles using a gravitational force.

23. (Cancelled)

- 24. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 23, wherein the insulating ridges are positioned at an angle with respect to the direction of fluid flow.
- 25. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 19, further comprising transporting the particles to a concentration area.
- 26. (Previously Presented) A method according to claim 19, further comprising:

generating a spatially non-uniform electric field across a plurality of insulating ridges including a first ridge and a second ridge, thereby constraining motion of at least a first particle to a region adjacent the first ridge;

changing the spatially non-uniform electric field such that the dielectrophoretic force on the first particle is decreased; and

transporting the first particle to the second ridge.

- 27. (New) A device according to claim 1, wherein the ridge is a positive ridge.
- 28. (New) A device according to claim 1, wherein the ridge is a negative ridge.
- 29. (New) A method according to claim 19, wherein the ridge is a positive ridge.

- 30. (New) A method according to claim 19, wherein the ridge is a negative ridge.
- 31. (New) A device according to claim 1, wherein non-uniformity in the electric field is generated primarily by the ridge geometry.
- 32. (New) A device according to claim 1, wherein the electrode is spaced sufficiently away from the ridge such that non-uniformity in the electric field is generated primarily by the ridge geometry.